

## **CABINET**

Date of Meeting	Tuesday, 17th November, 2020
Report Subject	Revenue Budget Monitoring Report 2020/21 (Month 6)
Cabinet Member	Cabinet Member for Finance
Report Author	Corporate Finance Manager
Type of Report	Operational

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This monthly report provides the latest detailed revenue budget monitoring position 2020/21 for the Council Fund and Housing Revenue Account for the financial year and presents the position, based on actual income and expenditure, as at Month 6. This report projects how the budget would stand at the close of the financial year if all things remain unchanged; it also takes into account the latest position on Welsh Government Emergency Grant Funding announcements.

The projected year end position, without new actions to reduce cost pressures and/or improve the financial return on efficiency planning and cost control is:

#### **Council Fund**

- An operating deficit of £0.569m (excluding the impact of the pay award which will be met by reserves), which is a favourable movement of £0.352m from the deficit figure reported at Month 5.
- A projected contingency reserve balance as at 31st March, 2021 of £1.415m

## **Housing Revenue Account**

- Net in-year revenue expenditure forecast to be £0.478m lower than budget
- A projected closing balance as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 of £2.651m

As reported in previous reports and to assist with mitigating the overall projected overspend the following measures were introduced from Month 5:-

- 1) All non-essential spend be reviewed and challenged with a view to ceasing/delaying where able and
- 2) Further Portfolio Management Team challenge of recruitment to vacancies i.e. ceasing/delaying.

RECO	MMENDATIONS
1	To note the overall report and the projected Council Fund contingency sum as at 31st March 2021.
2	To note the projected final level of balances on the Housing Revenue Account (HRA).

# **REPORT DETAILS**

1.00	EXPLAINING THE MONTH 6 POSITION		
1.01	Council Fund Projected Position		
	The projected year end position, without mitigation to reduce cost pressures and improve the yield on efficiency planning, is as follows:		
	<ul> <li>An operating deficit of £0.569m (excluding the impact of the pay award which will be met by reserves)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>A projected contingency reserve available balance as at 31 March 2021 of £1.415m.</li> </ul>		
	To assist with mitigating the overall projected overspend the following measures have been introduced:-		
	1) All non-essential spend is being reviewed and challenged with a view to ceasing/delaying where able and		
	2) Introduction of a vacancy management process to consider new recruitment requests		
	The outcome of this work is shown within the report and will continue as part of the robust challenge of the future monthly monitoring position.		

## 1.02 **Table 1. Projected Position by Portfolio**

The table below shows the projected position by portfolio:

Portfolio/ Service Area	Approved Budget £m	Projected Outturn £m	In-Year Over / (Under) spend £m
Social Services	68.458	68.624	0.166
Out of County Placements	11.940	12.079	0.138
Education & Youth	8.775	8.265	(0.510)
Schools	98.508	98.508	0.000
Streetscene & Transportation	30.585	31.831	1.246
Planning & Environment	5.762	6.216	0.454
People & Resources	4.491	4.475	(0.016)
Governance	9.193	9.604	0.411
Strategic Programmes	4.943	4.656	(0.287)
Housing & Assets	16.115	15.727	(0.387)
Chief Executive	2.789	2.533	(0.257)
Central & Corporate Finance	24.427	24.039	(0.388)
Total	285.987	286.556	0.569

The reasons for the favourable net movement of £0.352m from the previous month are shown in Appendix 1. The reasons for the overall projected variances are summarised within Appendix 2 showing the detail of all variances over £0.050m and a summary of minor variances for each portfolio.

Within the projected overspend position of £0.569m, there are COVID-19 related cost pressures and income shortfalls totalling £1.569m which are shown in a separate column in Appendix 2 (net costs pressures of £0.102m and income shortfalls of £1.467m). We will continue to look at legitimate funding opportunities from the Welsh Government Hardship Fund which if confirmed will have a positive impact on the overall deficit position.

## **Significant Movement from Month 5**

## 1.04 | Social Services (£0.045m)

There is a favourable movement of £0.045m due to reduced care package costs within Disability Services.

## **Education and Youth (£0.060m)**

The original projection for School Improvement Systems was based on an average number of hours from the previous financial year. A reduction in the number of non-maintained settings payments for the Summer Term, 2020

due to the pandemic has resulted in the forecast being revised. In addition, a vacant position will not be filled.

## Governance (£0.142m)

Enforcement and bailiff duties re-commenced during Month 5, starting with the issue of first reminder notices. As a result, actual income of £0.020m was received during September and future projections have been revised accordingly.

## Strategic Programmes (£0.072m)

The improved position is due to a further reduction in utility costs.

# 1.05 Key Financial Risks – Council Tax Income and Council Tax Reduction Scheme

There are significant impacts on Council Tax income and the Council Tax Reduction Scheme.

The potential financial impact of these two areas is being reported separately and are not included in the overall projections. This is due to 1) the difficulties in predicting the impacts of these risks at this early stage and 2) the potential for these areas to be further supported by additional Welsh Government funding.

However, if these cost pressures are not met by additional funding they will add to the projected overspend of £0.569m. An update on the latest position on each area is detailed below.

## 1.06 | Council Tax Income

As with all Councils the pandemic has significantly impacted on council tax collection. At this stage council tax income is 1.4% below target which equates to £1.37m. Income is expected to continue to recover now that recovery processes have resumed in full and when agreed payment deferrals are settled.

However, it is unlikely that the full budgeted income will be achieved by the end of the financial year and it is estimated that there may be a shortfall of up to 0.6% which equates to £0.600m. Welsh Government are monitoring the situation but taking a longer term view as to any potential support when the recovery impacts are more certain.

## 1.08 | Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS)

During the pandemic there has been a significant increase in demand with additional costs of £0.233m identified as at the first quarter. Welsh Government have confirmed funding for the first quarter estimated at £0.058m. However, the risk remains for the remaining three quarters of the year for existing clients together with the costs of any further increases in demand which is likely in the current economic climate and as the furlough scheme ceases. The impact of this increase in demand could potentially

	increase the cost pressure by up to a further £0.500m - £0.750m if there were to be no further Welsh Government funding.		
1.09	OPEN RISKS		
	Members were made aware when setting the budget that there were a number of open risks that would need to be kept under close review. An update on these is provided below.		
1.10	Pay Award		
	The Teachers Pay Award which is effective from September 2020 has now been set at 3.1% and the financial impact of this for 2020/21 is estimated to be £0.535m. Welsh Government recently announced that a grant will be made available that will part fund this increase.		
1.11	Charging for Post 16 Transport		
	The budget for 2020/21 provides for expected additional income of £0.449m based on the assumption that charging would be introduced from September 2020. This policy decision was reversed by Cabinet in May.		
	The developing financial solution through effective partnership working with Coleg Cambria will assist with mitigating the financial risk for 2020/21 and the outcome will be included in future reports. An agreement has been reached with the college that a level of the anticipated value of the journeys would be reimbursed to the Portfolio. However, the level of this reimbursement is currently £0.047m less than that included in the budget. Therefore this remains a risk to the containment of any costs associated with the journey provision.		
1.12	Out of County Placements		
	Additional funding of £2.7m was included in the budget for 2020/21 to address the historic significant increase in demand. At this stage, based on current activity there is an overall net projected overspend of £0.138m (underspend of £0.199m within Education offset by an overspend of £0.337m within Children's Services).		
1.13	NEW EMERGING RISKS		
	Free School Meals		
	Schools have a delegated budget for free school meals (FSM) which is based on the number of pupils eligible for FSM. The budget for 2020/21 is £1.256m. Following the closure of schools in March, the Council made		

direct payments to families and there was a marked increase in the number of claims. Based on current free school meal claims and making projections for a range of take-up percentages in the remainder of the year, it is estimated that the budget could overspend by between £0.222m and

£0.344m.

## 1.14 Transportation

Under School Transport, there has been a significant financial increase in private hire coach, minibus and taxi quotations, which is due to the operators including the cost of the cleaning of vehicles, driver PPE and the fact the school contract is the only business they are receiving at the moment, i.e. no private hire for weekends, during the day such as swimming lessons, school trips or private tour excursions. There has also been additional financial pressure in relation to the re-procurement of a subsidised local bus contract in which we have seen a significant cost increase due to the operator now building the loss of fare revenue (reduced patronage) into their quotations.

The Transport team are currently assessing the overall financial impact of this, and the outcome will be included in the Month 7 monitoring report.

## 1.15 | **Emergency Funding**

In addition to the Hardship Fund, Welsh Government has previously confirmed further funding of £264 million across Wales to continue to support local government for additional costs and income losses. Eligibility criteria for this funding has now been confirmed and income loss claims will continue to be made on a quarterly basis for the remainder of the financial year.

Welsh Government have previously confirmed that additional costs for Social Care and Schools will continue to be a priority when considering the use of this funding which is encouraging to ensure that the Council can continue to meet the impact of these additional costs.

The previous announcement on funding for the first quarter of increased demand for the Council Tax Reduction Scheme is also a positive outcome and is currently under consideration for the remainder of the financial year as well as any further increases in demand.

## 1.16 Achievement of Planned In-Year Efficiencies

The 2020/21 budget contains £5.206m of specific efficiencies which are being tracked and monitored. The Council aims to achieve a 95% rate in 2020/21 as reflected in the MTFS KPI's.

The current assessment of the efficiencies to be achieved in 2020/21 shows that £4.982m or 96% of the efficiencies will be achieved.

Further details on the current status on efficiencies can be seen in Appendix 2 with the overall impact in relation to any impact for 2021/22 being reviewed as part of the ongoing work on the MTFS.

## 1.17 Reserves and Balances

## **Un-earmarked Reserves**

	The level of Council Fund Contingency Reserve brought forward into 2020/21 was £2.370m as detailed in the 2019/20 outturn report. This is the amount available for general purposes following the set-aside of £3.0m for Emergency Funding.
1.18	Taking into account the above and, the current projected overspend at this stage, and previously agreed allocations, the balance on the Contingency Reserve at 31 March 2021 is projected to be £1.415m as detailed in Appendix 3.
	This assumes that the projected overspend of £0.569m is met from the £3m emergency ring-fenced fund which would leave an amount of £2.038m remaining after allowing for other known ineligible items.
1.19	A review of the Earmarked Balances and Reserves is on-going, balances challenged and identified as no longer required are to be returned to the Contingency Reserve.
1.20	Housing Revenue Account
	The 2019/20 Outturn Report to Cabinet on 16 June 2020 showed an unearmarked closing balance at the end of 2019/20 of £2.009m and a closing balance of earmarked reserves of £0.437m.
1.21	The 2020/21 budget for the HRA is £36.672m which includes a movement of £0.164m to reserves.
1.22	The monitoring for the HRA is projecting in year expenditure to be £0.478m lower than budget and a closing un-earmarked balance as at 31 March 2021 of £2.487m, which at 6.91% of total expenditure satisfies the prudent approach of ensuring a minimum level of 3%. Appendix 5 attached refers.
1.23	The budget contribution towards capital expenditure (CERA) is £12.928m.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	As set out within the report.

3.00	IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT
3.01	The financial impacts of the emergency as set out in the report are a combination of actual costs and losses to date and estimates of costs and losses for the future. There is the possibility that the estimates will change over time. The budget will be monitored closely and mitigation actions taken wherever possible.

4.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED/CARRIED OUT
4.01	None specific.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1: Council Fund – Movement in Variances from Month 5 Appendix 2: Council Fund – Budget Variances Appendix 3: Council Fund – Programme of Efficiencies Appendix 4: Council Fund – Movement on Un-earmarked Reserves Appendix 5: Housing Revenue Account Variances

6.00	LIST OF ACCESSIBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
6.01	Various budget records.

7.00	CONTACT OFFICER DETAILS	
7.01	Contact Officer:	Dave Ledsham Strategic Finance Manager
	Telephone: E-mail:	01352 704503 dave.ledsham@flintshire.gov.uk

8.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
8.01	<b>Budget:</b> a statement expressing the Council's policies and service levels in financial terms for a particular financial year. In its broadest sense it includes both the revenue budget and capital programme and any authorised amendments to them.
	<b>Council Fund:</b> the fund to which all the Council's revenue expenditure is charged.
	Financial Year: the period of twelve months commencing on 1 April.
	Housing Revenue Account: the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) is a local authority account showing current income and expenditure on housing services related to its own housing stock. The account is separate from the Council Fund and trading accounts and is funded primarily from rents and government subsidy.
	Intermediate Care Fund: Funding provided by Welsh Government to encourage integrated working between local authorities, health and housing.

**Projected Outturn:** projection of the expenditure to the end of the financial year, made on the basis of actual expenditure incurred to date.

**Reserves:** these are balances in hand that have accumulated over previous years and are held for defined (earmarked reserves) and general (general reserves) purposes. Councils are required to regularly review the level and purpose of their reserves and to take account of the advice of the Chief Finance Officer.

**Revenue:** a term used to describe the day-to-day costs of running Council services and income deriving from those services. It also includes charges for the repayment of debt, including interest, and may include direct financing of capital expenditure.

**Variance:** difference between latest budget and actual income or expenditure. Can be to date if reflecting the current or most up to date position or projected, for example projected to the end of the month or financial year.

**Virement:** the transfer of budget provision from one budget head to another. Virement decisions apply to both revenue and capital expenditure heads, and between expenditure and income, and may include transfers from contingency provisions. Virements may not however be approved between capital and revenue budget heads.

Service	Movement between Periods (£m)	Narrative for Movement between Periods greater than £0.025m
Social Services		
Older People		
Minor Variances	-0.027	
Adults of Working Age		
Resources & Regulated Services		Due to changes to care package costs within Disability Services
Residential Placements	0.094	Due to costs for an additional care package within Mental Health Services
Minor Variances	-0.042	
Children's Services		
Minor Variances	-0.017	
Safeguarding & Commissioning		
Minor Variances	-0.015	
Total Social Services (excl Out of County)	-0.045	
Out of County		
Out of County Children's Services	-0.008	
Education & Youth	0.005	
Total Out of County	-0.002	
Education & Youth		
School Improvement Systems	-0.034	Established staff position ceased from September 2020 with no replacement. Due to COVID-19, non-maintained settings payments for the Summer Term 20 period were significantly less in comparison to Summer Term 2019 as average hours were taken from Spring Term 2020.
Minor Variances	-0.026	
Total Education & Youth	-0.060	
Schools	0.000	
Comodis	0.000	
Streetscene & Transportation		
Highways Network	0.074	Increased commitments with regard to street lighting costs and reduction in the rechargeable works orders income.
Transportation	-0.151	Impact of revised routes for new school year from September and operator support during school closure being paid at 75% of budgeted level.
Regulatory Services	-0.179	Confirmation of NDR value for Parc Adfer and reallocation of additional tonnage due to lockdown collection levels.
Impact of Covid-19	0.232	Updated value of risk around Car Parking Income and FPN collections. Refreshed value of risk in relation to kerbside collection volumes and potential loss of waste enforcement revenues.
Other Minor Variances	0.006	
Total Streetscene & Transportation	-0.017	
Planning, Environment & Economy		
Minor Variances	-0.005	
Total Planning & Environment	-0.005	
People & Resources		
HR & OD	0.022	Minor variances across the service
Corporate Finance	-0.017	
Total People & Resources	0.005	
0		
Governance Revenues	-0.110	Revised projection of expected Fee Income from Enforcement/Bailiffs, due to the re-commencment of
1		enforcement duties.

Total Governance	-0.142	
Strategic Programmes		
Strategic Programmes	-0.072	Variance due to further reduced utility costs.
Total Strategic Programmes	-0.072	
Housing & Assets		
Council Fund Housing	-0.039	Additional Housing Support Grant allocation
Minor Variances	0.033	•
Total Housing & Assets	-0.006	
Chief Executive's	0.002	
	0.302	
Central & Corporate Finance	-0.009	
Grand Total	-0.352	

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Service	Approved Budget	Projected Outturn	Annual Variance	Impact of Covid-19	Last Month Variance (£m)	Cause of Major Variances greater than £0.050m	Action Required
	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(2111)		
Social Services	( )	, ,		( )			
Older People							
Localities	19.195	18.556	-0.639	-0.058		The net cost of residential care is £0.467m underspent. This includes the cost of residential care placements net of the income received for this service, such as property charges and contributions from health. There is a decline in the demand for residential care placements due to COVID-19. Day care is £0.058m under budget, as a projection has been made that day care provision will not resume until much later in the financial year. Domiciliary and Direct Payments are reporting a combined overspend of £0.084m and are projected based on recent levels of care provision. The Localities Teams staff budget is underspending by £0.131m due to a number of staff not yet on top of scale, some temporary reduced hours and in-year savings on travel costs. The minor adaptations budget is £0.058m underspent based on expected activity and there is a small underspend on service level agreements paid to the third sector of £0.009m.	
Resources & Regulated Services	7.980	7.811	-0.169			The Councils in-house care provision is reporting an underspend of £0.169m. Day care is reporting an overspend of £0.013m, day centres are currently closed and are anticipated to be so for the foreseeable future and the staff are deployed to residential care. The overspend on day centres is due to several small variances. Homecare is underspent by £0.001m. Staff costs are incurred as a result of the amount of homecare delivered, and projected forward based on estimated activity. Residential care is overspent by £0.036m due to a number of small variances. Extra care is underspending by £0.216m. Plas Yr Ywen in Holywell has not yet opened and a full compliment of staff is not yet recruited. Care staff already recruited are currently redeployed to alternate in-house care services and this has meant significant costs due to Covid 19 have been avoided. It is anticipated Plas Yr Ywen will open early 2021.	
Impact of Covid-19	0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000		
Minor Variances	1.217	1.190	-0.028	0.000	-0.029		
Adults of Working Age	1.2.17	1.100	0.020	1	0.020		
Administrative Support	0.321	0.233	-0.088			Not all staff are curently paid at top of grade and there are also some staff seconded from this service. There have also been in-year savings on staff travel costs.	
Residential Placements	1.297	1.985	0.688			This outturn is the cost of social care for people within the Mental Health service. These costs include nursing and residential care, domiciliary care and Direct Payments. Care needs for individuals within this service vary over time, sometimes at short notice and costs are subject to the same changes.	
Minor Variances	29.602	29.382	-0.220		-0.139		
Children's Services							
Family Placement	2.621	2.790	0.169			The overspend is due to current demands on the service from the number of fostering placements, which in some instances avoid making an Out of County placement which would be more expensive. The main pressure areas are payments for foster carers, foster agencies and special quardianship payments.	
Legal & Third Party	0.225	0.557	0.332			Legal costs are overspent due to the number of cases going through the courts and the use of external legal professionals. Direct Payments have also increased in demand.	

Service	Approved Projected Budget Outturn		Annual Variance	Impact of Covid-19		Cause of Major Variances greater than £0.050m	Action Required
					(£m)		
	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)			
Professional Support	5.270	5.666	0.396		0.392	To support adequate levels of child protection, the established staffing	
						structure needs to be at a sufficient level to meet mandatory	
						safeguarding standards. Vacancies are therefore minimised and	
						additional temporary posts are sometimes required.	
Minor Variances	1.469	1.465	-0.004		0.004		
Safeguarding & Commissioning							
Charging Policy income	-3.060	-3.138	-0.078		-0.076	Charging policy income is expected to exceed the budget and is based	
						on the weekly charge cap and the number of service users who	
						financially contribute to their care.	
Business Support Service	1.214	1.154	-0.060		-0.056	This variance is on salaries and due to some staff not yet paid top of	
						sale and some staff opting out of the pension scheme.	
Management & Support	-2.057	-2.183	-0.125		-0.125	The underspend is due to not having to contribute to the Regional	
						Collaboration unit in 2020/21	
Minor Variances	3.165	3.158	-0.006		0.002		
Total Social Services (excl Out of County)	68.458	68.624	0.166	-0.058	0.211		
Out of County							
Children's Services	7.437	7,774	0.337		0.345		
Education & Youth	4.504	4.305	-0.199		-0.204		
Total Out of County	11.940	12.079	0.138	0.000	0.141		
Total Out of County	11.940	12.079	0.136	0.000	0.141		
Education & Youth							
Integrated Youth Provision	1.351	1.116	-0.235	-0.148	-0.215	Includes a projected underspend of -£0.148m on Youth Centres due to	
						closures arising from COVID-19 safety measures producing savings on	
						building cleaning and some relief staffing costs. Also includes a total	
						saving of -£0.074m on the Youth Justice Service mainly due to a delay	
						in recruitment to a new post and savings on equipment purchase and	
						training.	
School Improvement Systems	1.709	1.526	-0.183	-0.149	-0.149	In year savings identified through the challenge of non-essential spend	
						across School Improvement and Early Entitlement. A significant majority	
						of the underspend relates solely to Early Entitlement due to demography	
						and a reduction in the number of settings requiring funding.	
Oshaal Dispuis a R Davidsia	0.070	0.004	0.050		0.000	Mainly a coving against the provision for third part /pyt-11-11-1-11-11-1	
School Planning & Provision	0.676	0.621	-0.056		-0.062	Mainly a saving against the provision for third party/public liability insurance claims	
Minor Variances	5.040	5.003	-0.037		-0.024	modiano odino	
Total Education & Youth	8.775	8.265	-0.510	-0.297	-0.450		
Schools	98.508	98.508	-0.000		-0.000		
Streetscene & Transportation							
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Service	Approved	Projected	Annual	Impact of	Last Month	Cause of Major Variances greater than £0.050m	Action Required
oc. vice	Budget (£m)	Outturn (£m)	Variance (£m)	Covid-19	Variance (£m)	Gause of major variances greater than 20.000m	Action required
Service Delivery	8.685	8.963	0.279		0.273	The service has incurred additional revenue pressures from responding to and resolving previously reported security measures and remedial actions following vandalism at the Household Recycling Centres. This matter has been widely reported during 2019-20 and has not abated. The monthly costs are now running at over £0.006m per month, mainly due to the introduction of a night time presence on the sites. In addition a pressure has arisen around Hire of Plant in operations which is a direct result of the delayed delivery of equipment from JCB due to staff being currently on furlough, every effort is being made to secure coverage of this pressure via Welsh Government Grant Claims as a direct result of COVID-19.	
Highways Network	7.734	7.901	0.167		0.092	The pressure previously reported in the Insurance Premium has been removed following confirmation of a lower premium for 2020/21. A pressure for Fuel NSI increases remains reported as, despite fuel prices being deflated during the initial phase of the Pandemic, prices are now increasing rapidly alongside increases in volumes of consumption. Increase in street lighting costs and revised projection on rechargeable works orders income at Month 6.	
Transportation	9.297	9.110	-0.187		-0.036	Operators have been supported during school closures by receiving 75% of their contracted values, in addition a number of routes have been re-procured to reflect current arrangements for operation in the new school year. The forecast position for this service has now been clarified and accommodates both matters. There are also risks around this position in that the forecast is based on the assumption that Colleges will honour their agreement to support Post 16 transport in the sum of £0.600m. If this does not crystallise, the position will be adversely impacted. In addition, there is also a risk around free school meal transports provided in good faith and submitted as a part of the COVID claim; this has been challenged by Welsh Government and discussions are ongoing around the potential outcome.	It should be noted however that this improvement will only impact during 2020-21 and the underlying impact of the current circumstances. Therefore Pressure Method statements for 2021-22 previously reported still stand.
Regulatory Services	4.870	4.869	-0.001		0.178	This service has experienced a downturn in the levels of income generated by sales of Electricity and this is currently anticipated to reach a level of some £0.120m during the year. The increased cost of disposals to Parc Adfer were reported last month and a full stringent review of these has taken place. A value of £0.133m has been evidenced as relating directly to increased tonnages as a result of many people working and staying at or close to home. This increased cost of disposal has been moved to the COVID code and will form a part of the claim for September. There has been a downturn in the rebate for Comingled waste due to a considerable drop in the value per ton of approximately £70 - £80 per ton. Confirmation of NDR value for Parc Adfer and reallocation of additional tonnage due to lockdown collection levels has resulted in a saving of £0.179m.	

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Service	Approved Budget	Projected Outturn	Annual Variance	Impact of Covid-19	Last Month Variance	Cause of Major Variances greater than £0.050m	Action Required
	Buaget	Outturn	variance	Covia-19	(£m)		
	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(2111)		
Impact of Covid-19	0.000	0.987	0.987	0.987	0.755	Following a full reconciliation and review of Streetscene expenditure and income loss relating to the Coronavirus Pandemic, all relevant details have now been consolidated to one code. This has been done in order to facilitate enhanced reporting and monitoring of the impact. All risks identified are now recorded in this forecast and at month 6 they include; £0.050m Agency and overtime, £0.550m car parking income loss, £0.099m in relation to potential PCN and FPN reveues, £0.080m in relation to additional vehicles and fuel and £0.075m in relation to additional private contractors and plant hire. In addition, a level of additional disposal expenditure as a result of increased kerbside waste collections due to people working and remaining at or close to home has now been quantified; this is in the sum of £0.133m which will be included in the September claim, if this is not successful an application will be made for a further release of the Contingency. If successful, this will result in an improved position for the Portfolio and the Council.	claims to Welsh Government of the Grass Cutting contract, let due to all operatives being diverted to waste routes, an application has been made for the release of part of the £3m Contingency Reserve set aside for COVID-19 related pressures.
Other Minor Variances	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000		
Total Streetscene & Transportation	30.585	31.831	1.246	0.987	1.263		
Planning, Environment & Economy							
Business	1.684	1.741	0.057		0.047	Historic income target £0.025m remains unrealised, minor variances	
345355	1.001		0.00.		0.0	across the service	
Development	0.015	0.213	0.198	0.295	0.210	Pressure within the Building Control service is due in the main, to delays sourcing core materials meaning that the construction industry is operating at a low level of capacity. This results in a projected reduced Building Control fee income. A lull in the property market is affecting a reduced need for Land Charge Searches adding to the overspend. The current economic conditions are having an adverse affect the Planning Applications, the projection is dependant on the number and value of applications received, resulting in a changeable outturn to ensure an accurate reflection. The overall variance is mitigated by the Fee Increase for planning and related applications of approx 20% that came into effect August, 2020	
Regeneration	0.508	0.643	0.135	0.110	0.157	There has been a siginifcant impact on income levels following the closure of the markets in the first quarter of the financial year.	
Minor Variances	3.555	3.619	0.064	0.050	0.045	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total Planning & Environment	5.762	6.216	0.454	0.455	0.459		
People & Resources							
HR & OD	2.418	2.421	0.003		-0.019		
Corporate Finance	2.073	2.054	-0.019	0.000	-0.002		
Total People & Resources	4.491	4.475	-0.016	0.000	-0.021		
Governance							
Legal Services	0.730	0.894	0.164		0.177	Overspend as a result of employing locums covering absence to ensure continuing client service delivery in the area of child protection £0.153m. Historical efficiency target that was dependant on demand reduction in another service that has not occurred, thereby preventing the consequent achievement of the efficiency £0.091m. Total overspend is mitigated by vacant posts, expected fee income and commitment challenge across the service.	

Service	Ammunicad	Drainatad	Annual	Impost of	Loot Month	Cause of Major Variances greater than CO 050m	Action Doggirod
Service	Approved Budget	Projected Outturn	Annual Variance	Impact of Covid-19	Last Month Variance	Cause of Major Variances greater than £0.050m	Action Required
	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)		
Democratic Services	2.094	2.036	-0.058	(2111)	-0.056	Favourable variance following reduced take up of Members Allowances	
						£0.024m. Minor variances across the service.	
Customer Services	0.724	0.766	0.042	0.071	0.062	Within the Registration Service there is an estimated loss of income for	
						the remainder of the year due to the cancellation/suspension of wedding	
						ceremonies due to the pandemic. This is mitigated in part by vacancies	
						and commitment challenge across the service,	
Revenues	0.030	0.352	0.322	0.292	0.432	The national lockdown restrictions have resulted in the cessation of all	
		0.00=				recovery activities, especially enforcement/bailiff duties during the first 5	
						months of the year. All debt recovery activities, with the exception of	
						enforecement/baliliff duties re-commenced during August, starting with	
						the issues of first reminder notices. The level of financial risk from fee	
						income will be dependant on re-commencment of court action to secure	
						Liability Orders - income from fees is projected to re-commence during	
						October as court summonses are issued. however this will be mitigated	
						by the potential for an additional resource to assist in clearing the	
						backlog of cases and provide service resilliance.	
Minor Variances	5.615	5.556	-0.060		-0.063		
Total Governance	9.193	9.604	0.411	0.363	0.553		
Strategic Programmes							
Leisure	4.943	4.656	-0.287		-0.216	Variance due to reduced utility costs. Consideration of budget reduction	
25.54.5			0.201		0.210	for 2021/22	
Total Strategic Programmes	4.943	4.656	-0.287	0.000	-0.215		
Housing & Assets	0.047	0.405	0.110		0.004		
Enterprise Centres Property Asset And Development	-0.217 0.442	-0.105 0.365	0.112 -0.077		-0.079	Pressure due to loss of income in respect of void units  Mainly staffing cost savings pending completion of restructure	
Caretaking & Security	0.442	0.365	-0.077		-0.079	Mainly staffing cost savings pending completion of restructure  Mainly staffing cost savings due to vacancies	
Caretaking & Security Centralised Costs	3.353	2.584	-0.769			Overall savings predominantly as a result of the demolition of Phase 3 &	
Certifalised Costs	3.333	2.564	-0.769		-0.773	4 of County Hall. A reduction in gas and electric prices also contributing	
						to the underspend.	
Benefits	11.657	11.879	0.222	0.119	0.217	Potential net pressure of up to £0.750m on the Council Tax reduction	
						scheme due to additional take up arising from the COVID-19 pandemic	
						impact on employment. This figure takes account of £0.058m of WG	
						emergency funding support in respect of the April to June element of the	
						overall pressure but the £0.750m is not included in the variance figures.	
						Variance includes pressure of £0.119m on staffing costs due the	
						additional demand caused by the COVID-19 pandemic and overpayments.	
Council Fund Housing	-0.328	-0.203	0.125		0.163	Reduction of internal Housing Support grant allocation due to eligibility	
Country and Housing	0.020	0.200	020		0.100	issues and pressure arising from new service contract for Carelink	
						, ,	
Minor Variances	0.947	1.007	0.061		0.060		
Total Housing & Assets	16.115	15.727	-0.387	0.119	-0.382		
Chief Executive's	2.789	2.533	-0.257		-0.259	Vacant posts across the service	
Central & Corporate Finance	24.427	24.039	-0.388		-0.379	Over recovery of planned pension contributions recoupment against	
						actuarial projections based on the level of contributions received to date	
	1					and forecast to the end of the financial year.	

Service	Approved	Projected	Annual	Impact of	Last Month	Cause of Major Variances greater than £0.050m	Action Required
	Budget	Outturn	Variance	Covid-19	Variance		
	_				(£m)		
	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)			
Grand Total	285.986	286.556	0.569	1.569	0.921		

	2020/21 Efficiencies Outturn	n Tracker - M6					
	Efficiency Description	Accountable Officer	Efficiency Target	Projected Efficiency	(Under)/Over Achievement	Efficiency Open/Close d (O/C)	Confidence in Achievement of Efficiency - Based on (see below) R = High Assumption A = Medium Assumption G = Figures Confirmed
Portfolio			2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	1	
			£m	£m	£m		
<u>Corporate</u> Employer Pension Contributions	Reduced requirement due to recovery	Rachel Parry Jones	0.800	0.000	0.000	С	
Actuarial Review	Reduced contribution rate	All	2.646	0.800	0.000 0.000	C	G G
Single Person Discount Review	One Off Efficiency	David Barnes	0.300	2.646 0.300	0.000	0	G
Total Corporate Services	One On Emclency	David Dairies	3.746	3.746	0.000	_	G
Total Corporate Services			3.740	3.740	0.000	7	
Social Services							
Reviewing Function	Reduction of Post	Neil Ayling	0.025	0.264	0.239	0	G
Supported Living	Reduction of Voids	Neil Ayling	0.025	0.005	(0.020)	0	G
Communications	Reduction in Mobile Hardware	Neil Ayling	0.030	0.020	(0.010)	0	G
Vacancy Management Saving	Approriate Vacancy Management	Neil Ayling	0.030	0.025	(0.005)	0	G
Strategic Use of Grant Funding	Core Funding Replacement Solution	Neil Ayling	0.100	0.170	0.070	0	G
Regional Collaboration Wrexham CBC	Reduction in Posts	Neil Ayling	0.030	0.010	(0.020)	Ö	Ğ
Additional Social Services Grant	Social Services Grant	Neil Ayling	0.426	0.000	(0.426)	Ö	Ğ
Total Social Services			0.666	0.494	(0.172)	1	
						_	
Education & Youth							
Integrated Youth Provision	Youth Centres - Premises	Claire Homard	0.014	0.014	0.000	0	G
Total Education & Youth			0.014	0.014	0.000		
Streetscene & Transportation							
Discretionary Transport Review - Post 16 Transport	Joint with Education	Steve O Jones	0.449	0.402	(0.047)	0	R
Income from External Works		Steve O Jones	0.010	0.010	0.000	0	G
Garden Waste Charges	Additional take up of service	Steve O Jones	0.030	0.030	0.000	ő	G
NWRP Gate Fee Benefit	Utilisation of WG Grant funding	Steve O Jones	0.200	0.200	0.000	ő	A
Total Streetscene & Transportation	Cambanon of 11 C Crank randing	0.070 0 00.100	0.689	0.642	(0.047)		
Planning, Environment & Economy							
Countryside	Additional Tree Income	Tom Woodall	0.010	0.010	0.000	0	G
Countryside	Review of Spending	Tom Woodall	0.010	0.010	0.000	0	G
Review of Pest Control	Trading Standards Investigations and	Sian Jones	0.017		0.000	_	9
ivenem of rest control	Community Safety	Siari Jones	0.035	0.035	0.000	0	G
Development Management	Increased Planning Fee Income	Mandy Lewis	0.015	0.015	0.000	0	G
Minerals & Waste	Adoption of new SLA with Partners	Gary Nancarrow	0.005	0.000	(0.005)	ő	G
Portfolio Admin	Supplies and Services Review	Lynne Fensome	0.005	0.005	0.000	ő	G
Regeneration	Bus Dev, Housing and Markets	Niall Waller	0.004	0.004	0.000	ő	G
Total Planning, Environment & Economy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0.091	0.086	(0.005)		
Total 2020/21 Budget Efficiencies			5.206	4.982	(0.224)		

	%	£
Total 2020/21 Budget Efficiencies	100	5.206
Total Projected 2020/21 Budget Efficiencies Underachieved	-4	(0.224)
Total Projected 2020/21 Budget Efficiencies Achieved	96	4.982
Total 2020/21 Budget Efficiencies (Less Previously agreed		
Decisions)	100	0.000
Total Projected 2020/21 Budget Efficiencies Underachieved	0	0.000
Total Projected 2020/21 Budget Efficiencies Achieved	0	0.000

# **Movements on Council Fund Unearmarked Reserves**

	£m	£m
Total Reserves as at 1 April 2020	11.025	
Less - Base Level	(5.769)	
Total Reserves above base level available for delegation to Cabinet		5.256
Less - amount approved for Childrens Services ' Front Door Pressures'		(0.134)
Less - COVID-19 Emergency Funding Allocation*		(2.886)
*Month 6 projected outturn of £0.569m will be funded from this		
Less - projected national pay award increase		0.821
Total Contingency Reserve available for use		1.415

#### Budget Monitoring Report Housing Revenue Account Variances

Service	Revised Budget	Projected Outturn	Variance		Cause of Major Variance	Action Required
	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)	(£m)		
Housing Revenue Account						
Income	(36.676)	(36.471)	0.206		There is a pressure forecast of £0.206m. Of this £0.111m relates to loss of income on properties which are not tenanted as we are running at 2.03% void rate compared to 1.75% in the Business Plan. £0.066m relates to garages, £0.066m relates to void water charges. Additional rental income is projected of £0.050m. The remaining £0.008m is attributed to Minor Variances	
Capital Financing - Loan Charges	9.027	9.027	0.000	0.000		
Estate Management	1.846	1.688	(0.158)	, ,	Additional expenditure of £0.058m is anticipated during the year in respect of the purchase of software. This is offset by salary efficiencies arising from vacancy savings and the pay award of £0.187m. The remaining £0.029 is minor variances	
Landlord Service Costs	1.434	1.433	(0.000)		Minor Variances	
Repairs & Maintenance	8.907	8.426	(0.481)		Reduction in Materials for Responsive and Voids expenditure due to Covid restrictions (£0.221m). Reduced projection of Responsive sub contractor spend on basis of Covid restrictions (£0.138m). Staffing Vacancy savings (£0.109m). Overall staffing saving (£0.089m). Increased Fleet projection based on Q1 charges £0.050m. Minor variances £0.026m.	
Management & Support Services	2.523	2.479	(0.044)	` '	Efficiency projected of £0.044m of this £0.020m relates to salary savings. £0.016m relates to underspend on training due to Covid restrictions, and £0.008m to minor variances	
Capital Expenditure From Revenue (CERA)	12.928	12.928	0.000	0.000		
HRA Projects	(0.153)	(0.153)	0.000	0.000		
Contribution To / (From) Reserves	0.164	0.164	0.000	0.000		
Total Housing Revenue Account	0.000	(0.478)	(0.478)	(0.364)		